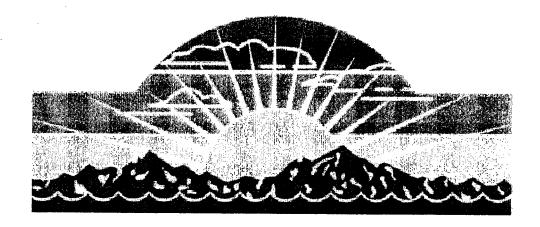
City of Sunset, Utah Financial Report



Year Ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by Susan R. Hale, Recorder

SUNSET CITY CORPORATION Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2006

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Steven F. Crane, CPA Kent R. Christensen, CPA Jeffrey L. Ambrose, CPA Chuck Palmer, CPA

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council Sunset City, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sunset City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006 which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sunset City as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 22, 2006 on our consideration of Sunset City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Crane, Christensen + ambrose P.C.

Sunset City, Utah Management's Discussion and Analysis

for fiscal year ending June 30, 2006

As management of Sunset City, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of Sunset City's financial performance and activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's Governmental net assets have a net increase of \$206,790 due to revenues exceeding expenses for the vear.
- Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$208,275 in the governmental funds.
- Business-type activities net assets decreased \$8,434 due to insufficient revenues to cover operational costs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to Sunset City's Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements.

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Sunset City's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business and consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Assets presents the overall net assets of the City. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the City's overall financial condition. The Statement of Activities helps to identify functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and other general revenues (government-type activities) along with other functions that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Sunset City's business-type activities include water, sewer, garbage and storm water operations.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about individual major funds and not the City as a whole. A fund is a group of related accounts that the City uses to maintain control over resources that are kept separate and used for a specific activity or objective. Some funds are required by law to exist, while others are established internally to maintain control over a stated purpose. All of the City's funds are divided into three categories, Governmental funds, Proprietary funds and Agency Funds. Each fund uses a different accounting approach.

Governmental Funds - Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds and are essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund information helps readers determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The City has 12 governmental funds. They are the General fund, Class C Road fund, Liquor Control fund, DARE fund, Youth City Council fund, Miscellaneous Grants Fund, Fire Academy/Fund Raising fund, RDA fund, CDBG Capital Project fund, City Office Building Capital Project fund, Fire Truck Capital Project fund and Public Works Capital Project fund. The Class C Road, Liquor Control, DARE, Youth City Council, Miscellaneous Grant and Fire Academy/Fund Raising funds are reported under the General Fund in the financial statements. They are separated internally for tracking purposes.

Proprietary Funds - Sunset City maintains one type of proprietary fund. The Enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its Water, Sewer, Garbage and Storm Water services.

Agency Funds - Sunset City has one agency fund. These monies are being held as a reward for information leading to the arrest and conviction of a suspect in the murder of Rachael Runyan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes found within these financial statements provide additional schedules and information that are essential to a complete understanding of the financial statements. The notes apply to both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The largest portion of Sunset City's net assets, 61%, reflects investments in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment and other improvements) net of outstanding debt that was issued to purchase those assets. It should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be readily liquidated to pay off the related liabilities.

Restricted net assets comprise 12% of the total net assets and are to be used only by their specified activities. The remaining 27% of net assets is unrestricted and may be used at the City's discretion to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Sunset City Net Assets as of June 30

	Gover	nmental	Business-type				
	Act	Activities Activities		Activities		Totals	
·	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	
Current & Other Assets	1,453,379	1,278,513	285,065	229,380	1,738,444	1,507,893	
Capital Assets	1,523,511	1,569,026	1,699,432	1,751,073	3,222,943	3,320,099	
Tötal Assets	2,976,890	2,847,539	1,984,497	1,980,453	4,961,387	4,827,992	
Current & Other Liabilities	265,191	288,241	55,086	42, 609	320,277	330,850	
Long-term Liabilities	1,048,104	1,102,492	0	0	1,048,104	1,102,492	
Total Liabilities	1,313,295	1,390,733	55,086	42,609	1,368,381	1,433,342	
Net Assets:							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	475,407	466,534	1,699,432	1,7 51, 073	2,174,839	2,217,607	
Restricted	436,585	409,897	0	0	436,585	409 ,897	
Unrestricted	751,603	580,375	229,979	186,771	981,582	767,146	
Total Net Assets	1,663,595	1,456,806	1,929,411	1,937,844	3,593,006	3,394,650	
Percent change from prior year	14.2%	5.4%	(0.4%)	(2.3)%	5.8%	0.8%	

Changes in Net Assets

The City's combined net assets increased by \$198,355 or 5.8% from the prior year. Net assets of governmental activities increased \$206,789 or 14.2%, while net assets of business-type activities decreased by \$8,434 or 0.4%. The following chart summarizes the City's revenues and expenses relative to each other and to the prior year.

Sunset City Changes in Net Assets as of June 30

		nmental vities	Business Activit	• •	Tota	ıls	l otal Percent Change
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005 to 2006
Revenues							
General Revenues:							
Taxes	1,103,375	1,021,762	-	-	1,103,375	1,021,762	8.0%
Other General Revenues	88,973	87,348	11,455	(23,090)	100,428	64,258	56.3%
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	607,643	487,553	1,109,355	983,739	1,716,998	1,471,292	16.7%
Operating grants	1 65 ,536	161,002	-	-	165,536	161,002	2.8%
Capital grants	108,383	352,381			108,383	352,381	(225.1)%
Total Revenues	2,073,910	2,110,046	1,120,810	960,649	3,194,720	3,070,695	4.0%

Changes in Net Assets as of June 30 (continued)

		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Tot	als	Total Percent Change
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005 to 2006
Expenses							
General Government	423,975	407,324	-	-	423,975	407,324	4.0%
Public Safety	807,240	728,618	-	-	807,240	728 ,618	10.8%
Highways and Public Works	360,876	608,779	-	-	360,876	608,779	(68.7)%
Parks and Recreation	208,036	200,496	-		208,036	200,496	3.8%
Community Development	21,154	38, 621	· -	-	21,154	38,621	(82.6)%
Interest on Long-term Debt	45,84 0	50,688		-	45,8 40	50,688	(10.6)%
Utility Operations	_		1, 12 9,244	1,006,884	1,129,244	1,006,884	12.2%
Total Expenses	1,867,121	2,034,526	1,129,244	1,006,884	2,996,365	3,041,410	(1.5)%
Change in Net Assets	206,789	75,520	(8.434)	(46,235)	198,355	29,285	•
Net Assets - Beginning	1,456,806	1,381,286	1,937,845	1,984,080	3,394,651	3,365,366	
Net Assets - Ending	1,663,595	1,456,806	1,929,411	1,937,845	3,593,006	3,394,651	5.8%

Governmental Activities

The activities in the governmental funds resulted in an increase in net assets of \$206,789 for the year.

Table 1 shows to what extent the City's governmental activities relied on taxes and other general revenue to cover all of their costs. These programs generated revenues of \$202,159 or 11.1% of their total expenses through charges for services and grants. Taxes and other general revenues covered the remaining 88.9% of expenses.

Table 1

Activities	Total Program Expenses	Less Program Revenues	Net Program Costs	Program Revenues as a Percentage of Total Expense
General Government	423,975	550,953	126,978	30.25%
Public Safety	807,240	100,215	(707,025)	5.50%
Highways and Public Works	360,876	175,352	(185,524)	9.63%
Parks and Recreation	208,036	23,911	(184,125)	1.31%
Community Development	21,154	31,131	9,977	1.71%
Totals	1,821,281	881,562	(939,719)	48.40%

Table 2 shows by percentage the relative net uses (expenses minus any revenue directly attributed to that particular function) for governmental activities for each of the functions shown on the Statement of Activities.

Table 2

Activities	Net Program Costs	Percentage of each activity in Relation to the Total of All Programs
General Government	(126,978)	(13.51)%
Public Safety	70 7,02 5	75.24%
Highways and Public Works	185,524	19.74%
Parks and Recreation	184,125	19.59%
Community Development	(9,977)	(1.06)%
Totals	939,719	100%

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities (water, sewer, garbage and storm water) are not generating sufficient revenue to cover operating costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Sunset City added \$104,055 in new capital assets in governmental activities during the fiscal year - \$91,930 in equipment (\$88,926 of that for public safety) and \$12,125 in improvements (City Building security camera system). The City added \$12,021 in new equipment capital assets in business-type activities during the fiscal. The City's long term debt decreased by \$64,172, which represents \$84,640 in debt payments and \$20,468 in new borrowing.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2006, Sunset City's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$1,287,937. Of this amount, \$436,585 or 33.9% is reserved for specific purposes. The remaining \$851,352 or 66.1% is unreserved. \$439,987 is in the Redevelopment Agency fund and the remaining \$411,365 is to help if needed towards continuation of the City's programs.

General Fund

During fiscal year 2006, the fund balance in the general fund increased by \$83,170. Total revenues were up \$217,585, with tax revenue increasing 10.1% over the previous year and the City received \$26,732 more in interest earnings than the previous year. Total general fund expenditures (excluding transfers) were up \$103,846 or 6.1%. A good portion of that increase was spent in maintaining the City streets.

GENERAL FUND REVENUE SOURCES

Taxes	 51.1%
Licenses & Permits	 . 1.6%
Intergovernmental	 12.1%
Charges for Services	 . 1.3%
Fines & Forfeitures	 27.3%
Other Revenues	 . 6.6%

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

General Government	22.8%
Public Safety	44.6%
Highways & Public Works	14.4%
Parks & Recreation	11.0%
Community Development	. 0.1%
Debt Service	. 7.1%

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During the fiscal year, the City amended the General Fund two times to meet the needs of the departments. The amendments consisted of an increase in the amount of \$177,500 from the original budget of \$1,823,410 to the final budget of \$2,000,910. The actual expenditures (excluding transfers) came in \$94,255 under budget and the actual revenues came in \$58,720 over budget.

RDA Fund

During the fiscal year, the fund balance in the Redevelopment Agency Fund increased \$65,845. The taxes received from Smith's Food & Drug decreased \$11,940 or 14% from last fiscal year mostly due to decreasing sales. The amount paid back to Smith's Food & Drug decreased \$17,375 or 89% from the previous year.

Capital Projects Funds

During the fiscal year, the fund balance in the Capital Projects Funds increased \$59,260. The expenditures were for various Public Works projects in the amount of \$71,934. \$36,000 was transferred in to save for a new Fire Truck and \$70,265 for continuing Public Works projects.

Enterprise Fund

The change in net assets of the enterprise fund shows a decrease of 8,434 or 0.4% from the previous year. Part of the decrease was due to purchasing a number of radio read water meters.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of Sunset City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report should be addressed to:

Susan R. Hale City Recorder 200 W. 1300 N. Sunset, UT 84015 (801) 614-9103

SUNSET CITY Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,442,661	64,288	1,506,949
Accounts receivable - net	10,717	130,488	141,205
Prepaid expenses	0	90,289	90,289
Capital assets, net of depreciation:			
Land	137,491	12,500	149,991
Buildings	937,956	87 3,9 90	1,811,946
Improvements	23,082	757,427	780,509
Equipment	424,982	55,515	480,497
Total capital assets	1,523,511	1,699,432	3,222,943
Total assets	2,976,889	1,984,497	4,961,386
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	161,435	22,197	183,632
Compensated absenses	103,756	32,889	136,645
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	84,640	0	84,640
Due in more than one year	963,464	0	963,464
Total liabilities	1,313,295	55,086	1,368,381
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	475,407	1,699,432	2,174,839
Capital projects	328,845	0	328,845
Class "C" roads	74,861	0	74,861
Liquor	10,131	0	1 0,1 31
DARE	9,880	0	9,880
Youth City Council	1,478	0	1,478
Miscellaneous grants	9,353	0	9,353
Fire academy/fund raising	2,037	0	2,037
Unrestricted	751,602	229,979	981,581
Total net assets	1,663,594	1,929,411	3,593,005

SUNSET CITY Statement of Activities June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues				
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributuions		
Governmental activities:				•		
General government	42 3,97 5	550,36 0	593			
Public safety	807,240	1,641	15,120	83,4 54		
Highways and public works	360,876	60 0	149,823	24,929		
Parks and recreation	208,036	23,911				
Community Development	21,154	31,131				
Interest on long-term debt	45,840					
Total governmental activities	1,867,121	607,643	165,536	108,383		
•			<u> </u>	***************************************		
Business-type activities:						
Water operational	155,683	480 ,6 21				
Sewer collection and disposal	151,375	25 6,9 22				
Garbage collection and disposal	271,565	345,459				
Storm sewer collection and disposal	1,8 64	26,35 3				
Salaries, wages and benefits	29 1,95 4					
Other operational expense	193,142					
Depreciation expense	63,661					
Total business-type activities	1,129,244	1,109,355				

General revenues:

Taxes
Investment earnings
Miscellaneous
Transfers
Total general revenues
Change in net assets
Net assets - beginning
Net assets - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Total		
Governmental	Business-type	
Activities	Activities	Totals
126,978		126,978
(707,025)		(707,025)
(185,524)		(185,524)
(184,125)		(184,125)
9,977		9,977
(45,840)		(45,840)
(985,559)		(985,559)
	324,938	324,938
	105,547	105,547
	73,894	73,894
	24,489	24,489
	(291,954)	(291,954)
	(193,142)	(193,142)
	(63,661)	(63,661)
	(19,889)	(19,889)
1,103,375		1,103,375
54,816		54,816
34 ,15 7	11 ,45 5	45,612
0	0	0
1,192,348	11,455	1,203,803
206,789	(8,434)	198,355
1,456,806	1,937,845	3,394,651
1,663,595	1,929,411	<u>3,593,006</u>

SUNSET CITY Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	General	Redevelopment Agency	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	673,830	439,986	328,845	1,442,661
Receivables	10,717	0	0	10,717
Prepaid expense	0_	0	0	0
Total assets	684,547	439,986	328,845	1,453,378
Liabilities and fund balances: Liabilities:				
Accounts payable &		_	_	
accrued liability	165,442	0	0	165,442
Total liabilities	165,442	0_	0	165,442
Fund Balances:				
Reserved for:				
Capital Projects			328,845	328,845
Class "C" roads	74,861			74,861
Liquor	10,131			10,131
DARE	9,880			9,88 0
Youth City Council	1,478			1,478
Miscellaneous grants	9,353			9,353
Fire academy/fund raising	2,037			2,037
Unreserved	411,365	439,986		<u>851,351</u>
Total fund balances	519,105	439,986	328,845	1,287,936
Total liabilities and				
fund balances	684,547	439,986	328,845	1,453,378

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Total fund balances - governmental fund types:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land 137,491

Buildings 1,189,262

Improvements 189,067

Equipment 1,734,119

Accumulated Depreciation (1,726,428) 1,523,511

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net asets are different because:

Compensated absenses 99,749
Noncurrent liabilities:
Due within one year 84,640
Due in more than one year 963,464

(1,1**47,8**53)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Paris manager	General	Redevelopment Agency	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	4 040 400	0E 070		4 402 275
Taxes Licenses and permits	1,018,103 31,731	85,272		1,10 3,3 75 31,7 31
•	239,948		24,929	264,877
Intergovernmental Charges for services	259,9 4 6 25,9 57	•	24,929	25,957
Fines and forfeitures	25,957 544,403			**************************************
•	•			544,403
Earnings on investments	54,816 810			54,8 16 8 10
Sale of assets		•	-	
Miscellaneous revenue	47,940	05.070	04.000	47,940
Total revenues	1,963,708	85,272	24,929	2,073,909
Expenditures: Current:		·		
General government	410,292			410,292
Public safety	803,579			803,579
Highways and public works	259,530			2 59,5 30
Parks and recreation	198,917			198,917
Community Development	1,727	19,427		21,154
Capital projects			60,529	60,52 9
Debt service:	•			
Principal retirement	82,535			82,535
Interest and fiscal charges	45,840			45,84 0_
Total expenditures	1,802,420	19,427	60,529	1,882,376
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	•			
over (under) expenditures	161,288	65,845	(35,600)	1 91 ,533
Other financing sources (uses):				
Lease proceeds	28,147	0	0	28,147
Transfers (out)	(106,265)	0	(11,405)	(11 7, 670)
Transfers in	0	0_	<u>106,265</u>	<u>106,265</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)_	(78,118)	0	94,860	16,742
Net change in fund balances	83,170	65,845	59,260	208,275
Fund balances - beg. of year	435,936	374,141_	269,585	1,079,662
Fund balances - end of year	<u>519,106</u>	439,986	328,845	1,287,937

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Government Funds to the Statement of Activities

June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds

208,275

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount in which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Additions to capital assets Depreciation expense

104,**05**5 (149,**57**0)

(45,515)

Lease payments are accounted for in the general fund as an expenditure. Lease proceeds are accounted for as a revenue. In the statement of activities only the interest expense for the current year is included with the principal reducing the liability on the statement of assets. Changes in compensated absences are treated as expenses in governmental statements, but are reductions or increases in the liability in the Statement of Net Assets.

Lease proceeds
Principal payments on leases
(Increase) decrease in
compensated absences

(28,147)

82,535

(10,359)

44,0<u>2</u>9

Change in net assets of governmental activities

206,789

SUNSET CITY Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	2006
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	64,288
Accounts receivable	130,488
Prepaid items	90,289
Total current assets	285,065
Capital assets:	
Land	12,500
Buildings	941,422
Improvements	1,879,309
Equipment	221,250
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,355,049)
Total capital assets	1,699,432
Total assets	1,984,497
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	22,197
Total current liabilities	22,197
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absenses	32,889
Total noncurrent liabilities	32,889
Total liabilities	55,086
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	1,699,432
Restricted	0
Unrestricted	229,979
Total net assets	1,929,411

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2006

Operating revenue: Charges for services Total operating revenues	1,109,405 1,109,405
Charges for services	
	1,109,405
Operating expenses:	
Water operational	155,683
Sewer collection and disposal	151,375
Garbage collection and disposal	271 ,56 5
Storm sewer collection and disposal	1,864
Salaries, wages and benefits	291, 95 4
Other operational expense	193,142
Depreciation expense	63 ,66 1
Total operating expenses	1,129,244
Operating income (loss)	(19,839)
Tranfers in (out)	11,405
Change in net assets	(8,434)
Total net assets - beginning Total net assets - ending	1,937,845 1,929,411

SUNSET CITY Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2006

	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from services provided	1,085,290
Payments to suppliers	(804,078)
Payments to employees	(288,974)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(7,762)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Transfers (to) other funds	11,405
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	11,405
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Capital Contributions	0
Acquisition of capital assets	(12,019)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	0
Principal paid on capital debt	0
Interest paid on capital debt	0
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related activities	(12,019)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest received	0
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,376)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	72,664
Cash and cash equivalents (deficit) - ending	64,288
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(19,839)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	, , ,
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	63,661
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(24,115)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(39,946)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	9,497
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	2,980
Total adjustments	12,077
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(7,762)

SUNSET CITY Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2006

	2006
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	50,890
Interest receivable	0
Total Assets	50,890
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	0
Total Liabilities	0
Net Assets	
Held in trust for reward for those instrumental in the capture and prosecution of suspect in Rachel Runyan case	50 ,89 0

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Sunset City was incorporated September 3, 1935. The City operates under a mayor/council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public utilities, highways and streets, sanitation, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The financial statements of Sunset City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present Sunset City (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's financial report because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended Component Unit:

<u>Sunset Redevelopment Agency</u> - The Sunset Redevelopment Agency (RDA) is governed by a board of directors comprised of the Mayor and City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose in removing blight is to redevelop areas within the City, thereby generating additional property tax and sales tax.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's basic financial statements consist of both government-wide statements and fund statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole and the fund statements focus on individual funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements present information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Primary government activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide statements except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the City's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are restricted when constraints placed upon them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. The City does not allocate the general government (indirect) expenses to other functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and statutory mandate. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into fund types and categories as follows:

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Governmental Fund Types:

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in other funds. It also includes the financial activities related to most federal and state funds.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The City's Redevelopment Agency is reported as a special revenue fund.

<u>Capital projects funds</u> - These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of general major capital facilities.

Proprietary Fund Types:

<u>Enterprise fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of income earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The City operates its water, sewer, storm water drainage and garbage operations as an enterprise fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for assets held by the City, in a trustee capacity for individuals, other governmental units and/or funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases and decreases in net total assets.

All governmental funds, expendable trust funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. That is, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: 1) accumulated unpaid vacation, sick pay and other employee amounts which are not accrued in the individual funds because the current portion of these items cannot be reasonably estimated and 2) principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred. The City applies only the applicable FASB pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989.

D. Budgets

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted in accordance with the "Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act of Utah Cities" by the Sunset City Municipal Council on or before June 22nd for the following fiscal year which begins on July 1st. Budgets may be increased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year, following a public hearing. Budgets are prepared in line-item detail; however, budget amendments by resolution are generally required only if the fund desires to exceed its total budget appropriation. The City follows Uniform Fiscal Procedures for Cities as adopted by the State Legislature for policies concerning its budgetary accounting. Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental fund types. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end.

During the year the City made two amendments to the budget totaling an increase of \$177,500 in the General Funds, an increase of \$36,929 in the Capital Projects Funds, a decrease of \$3,335 in the Enterprise Fund and a decrease in the RDA Fund of \$22,865.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$500 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset are not capitalized.

Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings50 yearsWells50 yearsWater distribution system50 yearsSewer collection system50 yearsEquipment and machinery5-10 yearsInfrastructure improvements50 yearsOther improvements10-50 years

F. Reservations of Fund Balance/Retained Earnings

The City is required to reserve part of the fund balance of the general fund to account for the unexpended portions of certain types of revenue. The reserved fund balance is for capital projects, Class "C" road revenue, the DARE program, the Liquor allotment, the City's youth council, Miscellaneous Grants and Fire Academy/Fund Raising.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Deposits and investments

Deposits and investments for the City of Sunset are governed by the Utah Money Management Act and by rules of the Utah Money Management Council. Following are discussions of the City's exposure to various risks related to its cash management activities.

A. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The City's policy for managing custodial credit risk is to adhere to the Utah Money Management Act. The Act requires all deposits of City funds to be in a *qualified depository*, defined as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirement of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Ut5ah Money Management Council.

The City's deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and are not collateralized, nor do state statutes require them to be. The City's deposits at June 30, 2006 were \$88,813, none of which were uninsured and uncollateralized.

B. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for limiting the credit risk of investments is to comply with the Utah Money Management Act. The Act requires investment transactions to be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers or directly with issuers of the investment securities. Permitted investments include deposits of qualified depositories, repurchase agreements, commercial paper that is classified as "first-tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (one of which must be Moody's Investor Services of Standard 7 Poors), bankers acceptances, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. government sponsored enterprises, bonds and notes of political subdivision of the State of Utah, fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations and shares in a money market fund as defined in the Act.

The City is also authorized to invest in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF), an external pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer and subject to the Act and Council requirements. The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, and deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses, net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participants' average daily balances. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

As of June 30, 2006 the City had investments of \$1,427,165 in the PTIF fund. The PTIF does not have a quality rating.

C. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair value by investing solely in the PTIF and by adhering to the Utah Money Management Act. The Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity of commercial paper to 270 days or less and fixed rate negotiable deposits and corporate obligations to 365 days or less. The City had no days of maturity to report.

D. Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy to limit this risk is to adhere to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council and to invest most of its available funds in the PTIF. The Council rules do not limit the amount of investments a government may make in any one issuer except for Rule 2 regarding certain endowments and funds with a long-term perspective and Rule 17, which limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the government's portfolio at the time of purchase.

(3) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable in the enterprise fund are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,705.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ending June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	_Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>137,491</u>	. 0	0	<u>137,491</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	137,491	0	0	137,491
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,189,262	0	0	1,189,262
Improvements	176,942	12,125	0	189,067
Machinery and equipment	1,642,189	91,930	0	1,734,119
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,008,393	104,055	. 0	3,112,448
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u> </u>			
Buildings	227,219	24,087	. 0	251,306
Improvements	164,054	1,931	0	165,985
Machinery and equipment	1,185,585	123,552	0	1,309,137
Total accumulated depreciation	1,576,858	149,570	0	1,726,428
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,431,535	(45,515)	0	1,386,020
Governmental activities capital assets, net	1,569,026	(45,515)	0	1,523,511

(4) Capital Assets - Continued

	Beginning			Ending
Business-type activities:	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	12,500	0	0	12,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated	12,500	0	0	12,500
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	941,423	0	0	941,423
Improvements	1,8 79,3 09	0	0	1,879,309
Machinery and equipment	209,229	12,021	0	221,250
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,029,961	12,021	0	3,041,982
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	47,24 9	20,183	0	67,432
Improvements	1,0 90,5 90	31,292	0	1,121,882
Machinery and equipment	153,549	12,186	0	<u>165,735</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	1,291,388	63,661	0	1,355,049
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,738,573	(51,640)	0	1,686,933
Business-type activities capital assets, net	1,751,073	(51,640)	0	1,699,433

Depreciation expense of governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

General Government	\$	24,150
Public Safety	-	86,064
Highways and Public Works		31,376
Parks and Recreation		7,980
Total	\$	149,570

(5) Long Term Debt

The City has four capital leases included in general long-term debt. The debt is to be paid with general fund revenue. Future minimum lease payments together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments under capital leases at June 30, 2006 are summarized as follows:

•	Police	City	
Year ending	Vehicle	Building	
<u>June 30,</u>	Leases	Lease	Total
2007	19,713	108,602	128,315
2008	7,679	108,602	116,281
2009	7,679	108,602	116,281
201 0	0	108,602	108,602
2011	0	108,602	108,602
Years thereafter	0	760,214	760,214
Total lease payments	35,071	1,303,224	1,338,295
Less amount representing interest	3,245	286,946	290,191
Present value of minimum lease			
payment	31,826	1,01 6,27 8	1,048,104
Less current portion	17,77 <u>8</u>	66,862	84,640
Portion of obligations under capital			
Leases due after one year	14,048	949,416	963,464

(6) Contributed Capital

The water and sewer fund regularly receive contributions from sub-dividers for the extension of water and sewer lines. Private developers construct water and sewer transmission systems at their own cost. Occasionally the City constructs large trunk lines. When governmental grants are used to construct part of a system the government receipts are recorded as contributed capital.

(7) Compensated Absences, Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, Compensatory Time

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. No liability is reported for the unpaid accumulated sick leave. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. The liability for unused vacation and compensatory leave is recorded in the government-wide statement of net assets.

(8) Retirement Plans

Plan Description

Sunset City (City) contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory, Non-contributory and Public Safety Non-contributory, an all cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The System is established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Non-contributory Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 560 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84102 or by calling (800) 365-8772.

Funding Policy

In the Local Governmental Contributory System the City contributes a combined rate of 13.08% of covered salary, in the Non-contributory Retirement System the City is required to contribute 11.09% of its annual covered salary. The City contributes 19.34% to the Public Safety Non-contributory System based on covered wages. The contribution rate is actuarially determined. The contribution requirements of the System are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

The City's contributions to the various systems for June 30, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

A. Local Governmental System - Contributory

2006	<u> 2005</u>	_2004_	
126,284	111,842	102,174	Salary subject to contributions.
7,577	6,711	6,130	Employer paid for employee contributions.
8,941	7,918	5,732	Employer contributions.

B. Local Governmental System - Non-contributory

<u>2006</u>	<u> 2005</u>	<u> 2004</u>	
311,723	283,503	277,261	Salary subject to retirement contributions.
34,570	31,441	26,672	Employer contributions.

(8) Retirement Plans - Continued

C. Utah Public Safety Retirement System - Non-contributory

2006	_20 05 _	2004	
334,946	304,643	293,244	Salary subject to retirement contributions.
64,779	58,126	47,623	Employer contributions.

D. 401 (K) Contributions

2006	2005	2004	
12,782	11,350	10,853	Employee paid contributions.
33,622	29, 362	23,086	Employer paid for employee contributions.

(9) Risk Management

Sunset City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disaster for which the government carries commercial insurance. Deductibles on claims are paid for out of the department experiencing the damage or loss.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). At June 30, 2006 there were no outstanding claims or judgements against the City. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

(10) Budgetary Accounting and Tax Calendar

The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. Budgets are required by the State of Utah for the general, special revenue, debt service and capital improvement funds. The legal level of control required by the State of Utah is at the department level. The City's budget is a financial plan of all estimated revenues and all appropriations for expenditures. Revenues and expenditures must balance.

The budget is prepared sometime between the 1st of March and the 1st of May. A tentative budget is presented by the Mayor to the City Council by the first regularly scheduled Council meeting in May. The tentative budget is reviewed and tentatively adopted by the Council no later than the first meeting in May. The tentative budget is public record and is available for inspection at the City Recorder's Office for at least ten days prior to adoption of the final budget. Notice of public hearing on adoption of the final budget is published seven days prior to the public hearing. The public hearing on the tentatively adopted budget is held prior to final adoption. Final adjustments are made to the tentative budget by the Council after the public hearing. The final budget is adopted by resolution before June 22nd and a copy of the budget certified by the Budget Officer is filed with the State Auditor within thirty days of adoption.

The government's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Mayor or designated budget officer.

In connection with budget adoption an annual tax resolution establishing the tax rate is adopted before June 22nd and the City Recorder is to certify the tax rate to the County Auditor before June 22nd.

Budgets for the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The preceding procedures are authorized by Utah Code Sections 10-6-109 through 10-6-136.

Property Tax Calendar						
Duties to be Completed	Authorizing Statute	Statute <u>Date</u>				
Lien date	59-2-103 59-2-1302	01/01				
Taxing districts with June year end notify county commission of date, time and place of public hearing	59-2-918(5) 59-2-919(7)	03/01				
County Treasurer to settle taxes charged and collected for previous year	59-2-1365	03/31				
Budget Officer shall prepare and file with Council a tentative budget	10-6-111	1 st scheduled Council meeting in May				
Tax Commission reports value of Centrally Assessed Property to counties	59-2-802	06/08				
County Assessor delivers to County Auditor statement showing aggregate valuation of all taxable property	59-2-924	06/01				
County Auditor sends valuation, certified tax rate and levy worksheets to each taxing district	59-2-924	06/08				
Taxing district must adopt a proposed tax rate, certify the rate and levy, and submit to County Auditor	59-2-912	before 06/22				
County to set proposed tax rates	59-2-909	06/22				
Taxing districts adopt tentative budgets and notify County of intent to exceed certified tax rate	59-2-924(3)	06/22				
County Auditor to submit levy worksheets and supporting documentation to Tax Commission	59-2-913	before 06/22				
Copy of final budget to State Auditor within 30 days of adoption	10-6-118	7/2 2 or 08/17				
County Treasurer to mail tax notice	59-2-1317	11/01				
County Auditor delivers assessment roll with affidavit to County Treasurer	59-2-326	11/01				
Payment and delinquency date	59-2-1331	11/30				

59-2-1332.5

12/31

Delinquency list published

(11) Sunset Redevelopment Agency

The redevelopment agency (RDA) collected tax increments of \$85,272 for the Smith's area. There were no tax increments paid to any other taxing agency and the RDA has no outstanding bonds or loans associated with the project areas.

The RDA expended funds in the following area:

Tax reimbursement payments

\$19,427

(12) Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

(13) Inter-fund Transfers

Transfer from fire dept. in the general fund	(36,000)
Transfer to fire truck capital project fund	36,000
Transfer from non-departmental in the general fund	(68,265)
Transfer from streets in the general fund	(1,000)
Transfer from parks in the general fund	(1,000)
Transfer to capital projects fund	70,265
Transfer from capital projects fund	(11,405)
Transfer to utility fund	11,405
	0

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SUNSET CITY Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2006

Budgeting and Budgetary Control

As more fully explained in Note 1 of the "Notes to Financial Statements", annual budgets are prepared and adopted before June 22nd for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st in accordance with the Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities. State law requires budgeted revenues to equal budgeted expenditures and legal control is exercised at the department level. Once a budget has been adopted, it remains in effect until it has been formally revised. Budgets for the general, special revenue and capital projects funds are legally required and are prepared and adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Therefore, no reconciliation between budgetary schedules and the GAAP statements is required.

The Budgetary Comparison schedules presented in this section of the report are for the City's general fund and major special revenue fund. Original budgets represent the revenue estimates and spending authority authorized by the City Council prior to July 1st. Final budgets represent the original budget amounts plus any amendments made to the budgets during the year by the City Council through formal resolution. Final budgets do not include unexpected balances from the prior year because such balances automatically lapse to unreserved fund balance at the end of each year.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund

	General Fund			
	Original	Final		Variance Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues:			•	
Taxes:	121,310	121,310	118,274	(3,036)
Current year property taxes Delinquent prior years taxes	6,200	5,600	5,987	387
Fee in lieu	36,600	3 4,8 00	35,211	411
Sales tax	491,000	517,000	530,625	13,625
Franchise tax	319,000	320,000	328,006	8,006
Total taxes	974,110	998,710	1,018,103	19,393
Licenses and permits:				
Business licenses	23,500	24,500	24,926	426
Building permits	3,250	5,900	6,01 6	116
Building plan check fees	1,500	7 50	789	39
Total licenses and permits	28,250	31,150	31,731	581
Intergovernmental:				
Class "C" road allotment	160,000	149,800	149,823	23
State liquor allotment	5,000	6,600	6,672	72
Fire and EMS grants	7,065	80,295	79,210	(1,085)
Police grants	0	4,2 45	4,243	(2)
Public works grants	0	0	0	0
Total intergovernmental	172,065	240,940	239,948	(992)
Charges for services:				
Special public safety fees	1,200	1,200	1,386	186
Recreation fees	14,610	20,94 5	23,076	2,131
Miscellaneous service fees	6,100	1,325	1,495	<u> </u>
Total charges for services	21,910	23,470	25,957	2,487
Fines and forfeitures	440,000	510,000	544,403	34,403
Other revenues:			·	
Earnings on investments	23,100	51 ,5 00	54,816	3,316
Sales of assets	1,000	8 00	810	10
Miscellaneous revenues	56,840	48,415	47,940	<u>(475)</u>
Total other revenues	80,940	100,715	103,566	2,8 51
Total revenues	1,717,275	1,904,985	1,963,708	58,723
Expenditures:				
General Government				
Legislative:				
Salaries and benefits	16,895	1 6,8 95	16,890	5
Materials, supplies and services	10,840	<u>13,395</u>	13,049	346_
•	27,735	30,2 90	29,939	351

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund - (Continued)

	General Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures - (continued):	Daugot	Dadgot	, 101001	(emaverasio)
Judicial:				
Salaries and benefits	93,885	93,885	89,577	4,308
Materials, supplies and services	28,460	27,0 50	21,112	5,9 38
Capital outlay	500	500	499	1
	122,845	121,435	111,188	10,247
Administrative:				
Salaries and benefits	95,825	96,325	96,713	(388)
Materials, supplies and services	22,850	22,455	20,300	2,155
Capital outlay	500	500	146	354
,	119,175	119,280	117,159	2,121
Non-departmental:	 			
Materials, supplies and services	132,300	134,770	134,722	48
City shops, buildings and grounds:				
Salaries and benefits	5,275	5,550	5,5 67	(17)
Materials, supplies and services	15,100	11 ,8 50	11,717	133
Capital outlay	. 0	0	0	0
,	20,375	17,400	17,284	116
Total general government	422,430	423,175	410,292	12,883
Public Safety				
Police services:				
Salaries and benefits	539,205	560,645	526,708	33,937
Materials, supplies and services	70,795	6 5,8 45	56,620	9,225
Capital outlay	750	29,150	28,931	2 19
	610,750	655,640	612,259	43,381
Fire department:				
Salaries and benefits	69,045	70,000	66,540	3,460
Materials, supplies and services	68,675	132,530	115,080	17,450
Capital outlay	11,100	10,600	9,700	900
oup.id. out.,	148,820	213,130	191,320	21,810
Total public safety	759,570	868,770	803,579	65,191
Highways and Public Works Streets and highways:				
Salaries and benefits	110,530	110,530	101,699	8, 831
		93,050	84,528	8,522
Materials, supplies and services	95,300 75,000	·	•	1,697
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	73,303	
	280,830	278,580	259,530	19,050
Total highways and public works	280,830	278,580	259,530	19,050

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - General Fund - (Continued)

	General Fund			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable
Expenditures (continued):	<u>Budget</u>	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Parks and Recreation				
Parks department:				
Salaries and benefits	58,530	6 0,7 70	59,401	1,369
Materials, supplies and services	13,220	11,200	12,777	(1,577)
Capital outlay	5,000	2,500	4,516	(2,016)
	76,750	74,470	76,694	(2,224)
Recreation:				
Salaries and benefits	7 5,12 5	82,210	81,022	1,188
Materials, supplies and services	38,300	39,200	41,201	(2,001)
Capital outlay	0	0	0	0
	113,425	121,410	122,223	(813)
Total parks and recreation	190,175	195,880	198,917	(3,037)
Community Development				
Building and zoning:				
Materials, supplies and services	6,200	1,850	1,727	123_
Total community development	6,200	1,850	1,727	123
<u>Debt Service</u>			•	
Capital lease payments	128,205	128,390	128,375	15_
Total debt service	128,205	128,390	128,375	15
Total expenditures	1,787,410	1,89 6,6 45	1,802,420	94,225
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(70,135)	8,3 40	161,288	152,948
Other financing sources (uses):				
Lease Proceeds	25,000	28,150	28,147	(3)
Transfers (out)	(36,000)	(104,265)	(106,265)	(2,000)
Transfers in	0	0	0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	(11,000)	(76,115)	(78,118)	(2,003)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures				
and other uses	(81,135)	(67,775)	83,170	150,945
Fund balance - beginning of year	435,936	435,936	435,936	0
Fund balance - end of year	354,801	368,161	519,106	150,945

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual - RDA Special Revenue Fund

	RDA Special Revenue Fund			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Taxes	107,000	<u>84,135</u>	85,272	1,137
Total Revenue	107,000	84,135	85,272	1,137
Expenditurës:				
Community development	107,000	84,135	19,427	64, 708
Total Expenditures	107,000	84,135	19,427	64,708
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	. 0	0	65,845	65,84 5
Fund balance - beginning of year	374,141	374,141	374,141	0
Fund balance - end of year	374,141	374,141	439,986	65,845



Steven F. Crane, CPA Kent R. Christensen, CPA Jeffrey L. Ambrose, CPA Chuck Palmer, CPA

Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial
Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Mayor and City Council-Sunset City

We have audited the financial statements of Sunset City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sunset City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Sunset City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the management, Mayor, City Council and oversight awarding agencies. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Crane, Christensen + ambrose P.C.



Steven F. Crane, CPA Kent R. Christensen, CPA Jeffrey L. Ambrose, CPA Chuck Palmer, CPA

Independent Auditors' Legal Compliance Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council Sunset City

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Sunset City for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated August 22, 2006. Sunset City received the following non-major grants which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements: (However, these programs were subject to test work as part of the audit of Sunset City's financial statements.)

Fire and EMS Grants (Department of Health)
Police Grants (Department of Public Safety)

Our audit also included test work on Sunset City's compliance with those general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide including:

Public Debt
Cash Management
Purchasing Requirements
Budgetary Compliance
Truth in Taxation and Property
Tax Limitations

Liquor Law Enforcement
Justice Court
B & C Road Funds
Other General Issues
Department of Commerce General Compliance
Impact Fees

The management of Sunset City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above, which are outlined in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, except for the instances of noncompliance mentioned above, Sunset City complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Crane, Christensen & ambrose P.C.

Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

PROGRAM: JUSTICE COURTS COMPLIANCE

FINDING: One C-500 form was not remitted to the State by the 10th of the following month.

QUESTIONED COSTS: None

RECOMMENDATION: We recommend the City remit the State's portion of all fines collected to the State

Treasurer by the 10th day of the following month.

CITY'S REPLY: The City has hired a new employee to manage this area and will comply with this

requirement in the future.

PROGRAM: BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

FINDING: The City had two departments that overspent their budgets for the year.

QUESTIONED COSTS: None

RECOMMENDATION: We suggest the City monitor its budget more closely to make sure that all

departments and funds operate within budgeted amounts.

CITY'S REPLY: The overage was the result of unexpected year-end accruals which the City will try to

anticipate better in the future.

PROGRAM: GENERAL COMPLIANCE UNIFORM BUILDING CODE STANDARDS

FINDING: The fund balance of the City's general fund is in excess of the statutory limit at year-

end.

QUESTIONED COSTS: None

RECOMMENDATION: The City should take steps to bring the fund balance into statutory limitations.

CITY'S REPLY: The City will budget the excess during the current year or make transfers to reduce

the fund balance of the general fund.